Edexcel Geography A-level
Diverse Places

Definition Flashcards

Accessibility

Accessibility

How easy it is to travel to a place or interact with an individual.

Administration Centre

Administration Centre

Places that make decisions about how to organise infrastructure and economic activity for the surrounding areas.

Amenity Value

Amenity Value

The value of a resource to locals and businesses (beaches, timber, coal).

Built Environment

Built Environment

The buildings and infrastructure within an urban area.

Capital

Capital

Productive assets, goods or financial stakes.

Central Business District (CBD)

Central Business District (CBD)

The centre of a city, containing a high density of businesses and TNC headquarters.

Commuter

Commuter

An individual who regularly travels a distance between their residence and their employment.

Cultural Enrichment

Cultural Enrichment

The addition of ideas, traditions and beliefs due to the arrival of new people.

Cultural Erosion

Cultural Erosion

The loss of a culture, resulting in a change in ideas or disregard for traditions.

Culture

Culture

The way of life of a particular group of people at a particular time, generally customs and beliefs.

Demographic

Demographic

The characteristics of a population.

Deprivation

Deprivation

Individuals lack basic services or objects they would expect to have in the 21st Century.

Dereliction

Dereliction

The loss of industry or productivity of a land, leaving it abandoned.

Diversification

Diversification

Where a company may look to offer different services or sell a wider range of products to appeal to a new target audience.

Diversity

Diversity

Variation within a population, in their characteristics, background and behaviour.

Elite Migrants

Elite Migrants

Migration due to an individual's wealth or status, often investing in the host country through investment visas, property or business.

Empty Nester

Empty Nester

A couple whose children have moved out (post-university age).

Environmental Impact Assessment

Environmental Impact Assessment

The study of environmental impacts caused by large business projects.

Ethnicity

Ethnicity

The cultural background of a group of people, often based on religion or country of origin.

Exponential Growth

Exponential Growth

An ever more rapid increase in something. For example, the world's population is growing exponentially.

Fertility Rate

Fertility Rate

The number of children born per 1000 women each year.

Gated Community

Gated Community

Urban neighbourhoods surrounded by gates often to improve privacy and safety. They can add to segregation within a community.

Gentrification

Gentrification

Renovation of older/deteriorating buildings or areas with the aim of attracting high-income individuals or elite businesses to a place.

Governance

Governance

The management of a place or group of people.

Idyll

Idyll

A location with ideal living conditions and good qualities. Often based on a perception.

Inequality

Inequality

Differences in income, well-being and wealth between individuals, communities and society.

Internal Migration

Internal Migration

The movement of people within a country.

International Migration

International Migration

The movement of people from one country to another.

Life-cycle Stage

Life-cycle Stage

The change in opinions and values at different stages of an individual's life.

Life Expectancy

Life Expectancy

The average number of years an individual is likely to live, determined at birth.

Lived Experience

Lived Experience

The contribution of experiences and opportunities to an individual's views and values.

Media

Media

The publishing of information and production of entertainment (e.g. BBC, local newspapers, radio stations).

Mortality Rate

Mortality Rate

The number of deaths per thousand people.

Multicultural

Multicultural

The existence, acceptance or promotion of multiple cultural traditions within a single geographic area.

Perception

Perception

A person's view of a place or issue based on feelings, experience and outside forces such as the media.

Political Engagement

Political Engagement

The willingness and ability of an individual to vote or join political parties or pressure groups.

Population Density

Population Density

The number of people per square kilometre.

Rebranding

Rebranding

Creating a new look or reputation for an area.

Regional Disparity

Regional Disparity

The economic (or cultural) gap between different parts of a country.

Rural-Urban Continuum

Rural-Urban Continuum

A range of living spaces running from remotest peripheral rural villages to the CBD of the city.

Segregation

Segregation

The separation of a group from other groups this can be through force or voluntarily. Segregation can often occur due to housing strategies or regeneration projects.

Sink Estates

Sink Estates

Council estates that score badly on the Index of Multiple Deprivation

Stakeholder

Stakeholder

An individual with interest and influence within their community (residents, local businesses, farmers, NGOs)

Social Clustering

Social Clustering

Groups of people with similar background frequently living together.

Social Exclusion

Social Exclusion

The inability of a group of people to become involved in the cultural activities of a place.

Urbanisation

Urbanisation

An increase in the proportion of a population living within urban areas.